Percent of Schools That Educated Students On:

- HIV Prevention: 88.7%
- Human Sexuality: 87.3%
- Pregnancy Prevention: 85.5%
- STD Prevention: 85.9%

All information in this Fact Sheet comes from the 2014 Iowa School Health Profiles survey, which gathers information about middle school and high school health education practices from the perspectives of school principals and lead health teachers. This Fact Sheet was developed by the National Resource Center for Family Centered Practice at the University of Iowa School of Social Work for the Iowa Department of Education.

Learn More at https://www.educateiowa.gov/
1 in 4 Schools Provided Parents and Families with Health Information Designed to Increase Knowledge of HIV, STD, or Teen Pregnancy Prevention.

1 in 3 Schools Provided Curricula or Supplementary Materials that Included Sexual Health Information Relevant to LGBTQ Youth.

Percentage of Schools Which Taught the Following Sexual Health Topics:

- Health Consequences of HIV, Other STDs, and Pregnancy: 83.4% (Grades 9, 10, 11, 12) vs. 74.7% (Grades 6, 7, 8)
- How to Access Reliable Health Information and Services Related to HIV, Other STDs, and Pregnancy: 78.2% (Grades 9, 10, 11, 12) vs. 62.5% (Grades 6, 7, 8)
- Communication and Negotiation Skills to Eliminate or Reduce Sexual Risk: 77.0% (Grades 9, 10, 11, 12) vs. 71.7% (Grades 6, 7, 8)
- Importance of Using Condoms Consistently and Correctly: 69.3% (Grades 9, 10, 11, 12) vs. 48.8% (Grades 6, 7, 8)
- How to Create and Sustain Healthy and Respectful Relationships: 80.8% (Grades 9, 10, 11, 12) vs. 76.5% (Grades 6, 7, 8)
- Preventative Care Necessary to Maintain Reproductive and Sexual Health: 74.4% (Grades 9, 10, 11, 12) vs. 62.4% (Grades 6, 7, 8)

76.1% of Schools Assessed the Ability of Students Grades 9-12 to Analyze the Influence of Family, Peers, Culture, Media, Technology, and Other Factors on Sexual Risk Behaviors.