Iowa Department of Education

**Selection of Schools**

*Note:* The Selection of Schools form must be completed in order to receive Title I funding. The due date is June 15.

For technical assistance on the Selection of Schools form, contact the Title I consultant for your particular AEA.

The data contained in the Selection of Schools form is used to determine Schools In Need of Assistance (SINA) that will be eligible to receive SINA funding and also to determine low-income buildings for the purpose of the teacher loan cancellation program. Therefore, the Selection of Schools form should annually be completed no later than **June 15**.

*Note:* Any changes made to the Selection of Schools form after June 15 with respect to Schools in Need of Assistance (SINA) receiving Title I service will not guarantee that building will receive a SINA allocation.

When completing this form, "Low-Income Criteria," "Resident Children," and "Rank Order" must all be completed. Choose the low-income criteria your LEA will use to determine low-income building percentage. Then determine how you will report the low-income percentages for buildings by total low-income percentage or by grade span. The most common data used for these categories is “Free and Reduced School Lunch,” "Attendance Area," and "Low-Income Percentage." *Note:* Data used in this section may be from any month during the previous school calendar year, but must be consistent across the school district. You will be asked to give the month and year the data was selected.

An LEA must rank all of its school attendance areas (the geographic area from which the school district draws its children) according to their percent of poverty. An LEA must use the same measure of poverty for identifying eligible school attendance area; determining the ranking of each area; and determining the allocation for each area.
LOW-INCOME CRITERIA

Select the source or sources of data that the agency uses to determine the number of low-income families. An LEA must select a poverty measure from the following options: children ages 5-17 in poverty as counted in the most recent census data; children eligible for free and reduced-price lunches; children in families receiving assistance under the State Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); children eligible to receive medical assistance under the Medicaid program; direct certification information; household survey data; or a composite of any of the above measures. Each LEA must choose a single data source or combination of data sources as its school attendance area selection criterion. Documentation of data secured should be made part of the applicant agency's Title I record, but need not be submitted to the State Title I office. However, the LEA should keep this information on file for possible inspection by auditors and the SEA staff. The most commonly used source of low-income data is the school district free and reduced price school lunch count.

RESIDENT CHILDREN

Please select either “Attendance Area” or “Enrolled” to indicate which most accurately reflects the data shown in the attendance table for “Resident Children by Attendance Area” and “Resident Children from Low-Income Families.” If school attendance centers within a school district have no official boundaries, the LEA may determine school attendance center low-income percentages using enrollment figures.

RANK ORDER OF ATTENDANCE AREAS

Please indicate whether the LEA is using low-income percentage or grade span and percentage to rank order attendance centers. Based on the choice selected, the attendance centers will be automatically sorted once all data is entered in the table and user clicks the Finish button. The most commonly used method is rank order by low-income percentage.

Attendance Center Information

Note: Data used in this section may be from any month during the previous school calendar year, but must be consistent across the district. Do not use official October enrollment count data for this section.

The attendance center table should display all of the public attendance centers within the LEA. Note: If a building is listed that has been closed within your school district or there is a new building in your LEA since the last school year that is not listed, please contact the Title I office for assistance in correcting the listing of attendance centers for your district. Each year, each building must analyze its own student achievement data and make appropriate decisions about Title I services. Title I services should be based upon current conditions, not past traditions. However, Title I services must operate within the boundaries of Title I legislation. Funding is based on compliance with legislation.
determining Title I service for the upcoming school year, ask questions such as: *Are we offering reading services and/or math services? Why?; What grade levels will be served? Why?; What will qualify a student for Title I services?*

Determine the Title I service status for each of the buildings listed and then complete all applicable columns. When entering data on the Selection of Schools form, it is best to tab through the columns to avoid errors in the automatic calculations. The user will need to complete the table for each attendance center including the status (select S, T or N), number of resident children, and number of resident children from low-income families. Schoolwide project buildings (Status = S) must have poverty above 40% and must have completed a year of planning and have been approved by the State Title I office. All other served buildings are considered targeted assistance (Status = T). A building not receiving Title I service should show status “N” for not served. Each building must have data for each public and private column. If a building is identified as providing targeted assistance service (Status = T), the number of students identified as eligible and the number served must be completed. For a schoolwide building (Status = S) do not complete eligible and served columns. The last column showing the grade levels served by Title I must be completed for all served buildings whether status is S or T.

**Note:** ALL COLUMNS MUST BE COMPLETED BEFORE APPLICATION CAN BE APPROVED!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Blg. No.</th>
<th>Name of Attendance Center</th>
<th>Grade Levels Housed</th>
<th>Status (*)</th>
<th>Public</th>
<th>Private</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Public</th>
<th>Private</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Percent</th>
<th>Eligible</th>
<th>Served</th>
<th>Grade Levels Served by Title I</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0409</td>
<td>Elementary K-05</td>
<td>T</td>
<td></td>
<td>165</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>42.2</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>1-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0427</td>
<td>Preschool PK-FK</td>
<td>N</td>
<td></td>
<td>22</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>31.8</td>
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<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>279</td>
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<td>298</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>0109</td>
<td>High School 09-12</td>
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<td>14</td>
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<td>51</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
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<td>40</td>
<td>25.0</td>
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<td>65</td>
<td>915</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>243</td>
<td>26.6</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>1-3, 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information in all columns for ALL buildings in the LEA must be completed before application can be approved, even if Title I funds are not used in all buildings. **Exception:** “Eligible” and “Served” columns for schoolwide buildings. **Note:** To start entering data on the selection of schools table, click on the first entry field (for “public resident count”) of a school building record and tab through the entry fields as you enter, or change, the data in each cell. Do not use the mouse to get to the next entry field upon completing an entry, instead, use the tab key to get to the next entry field. Saving your data frequently is a good practice.

**Column 1 – Building Number (Blg. No.)**

The building numbers for each attendance center in the LEA are automatically entered on the Selection of Schools form. These numbers should match with information printed in the Iowa Educational Directory. The exception would be if a building has opened or closed in the LEA. If a building is listed that has been closed within your school district or there is a new building in your LEA since the last school year that is not listed, please contact the Title I office for assistance in correcting the listing of attendance centers for your district.

**Column 2 - Name of Attendance Center**

All public school attendance centers are listed automatically for the LEA. After selecting the rank order criterion being used, the attendance centers will be automatically sorted in rank order from highest to lowest according to low-income percentages. **Note:** If a building is listed that has been closed within your school district or there is a new building in your
LEA since the last school year that is not listed, please contact the Title I office for assistance in correcting the listing of attendance centers for your district.

**Column 3 - Grade Levels Housed**

The grades housed in each center within the LEA will automatically be entered for each attendance center.

**Column 4 - Status (*)**

The default for this column is “N.” Please select the code that indicates whether an attendance center is (S) Schoolwide Program, (T) Targeted Assistance School, or (N) Not Served. (Refer to section on Definitions.) (O) Override by State – confer with Title I consultant regarding required documentation.

**Note:** Schoolwide programs require at least 40 percent low-income and a year of planning prior to implementation. A Schoolwide Program school is operated to serve all the students in the building while addressing the needs of low-achieving children and those most at risk of not meeting the State’s student academic achievement standards. The Title I services must be integrated into the whole school program in such a way that all students benefit in some way. A Targeted Assistance School is a program that targets services on specific, identified children. A student is eligible for services if he/she is failing, or most at risk of failing, to meet the State’s challenging student academic standards.

In selecting participating areas and schools, an LEA may 1) designate as eligible any school attendance area or school in which at least 35 percent of the children are from low-income families—i.e., the “35 percent rule”; 2) use Part A funds in a school that does not serve an eligible school attendance area if the percentage of children from low-income families enrolled in the school is equal to or greater than the percentage of such children in a participating school attendance area of the LEA; 3) elect not to serve an eligible school attendance area or school that has a higher percentage of children from low-income families (than a school that is served) if a) the school meets the Title I comparability requirements; b) the school is receiving supplemental funds from other State or local sources that are spent according to the requirements of Section 1114 or 1115 of NCLB; and c) the funds expended from such other sources equal or exceed the amount that would be provided under Title I, Part A; and 4) for one additional year only, designate and serve a school attendance area or school that is no longer eligible but was eligible and served in the preceding year.

**Note:** Title I services must operate within the boundaries of Title I legislation. The disbursement of Title I funding is based upon compliance with legislation.

In determining district buildings to provide Title I service, keep these rules in mind:

- All schools with 75% or above poverty must be served or document other funding sources
- Schools at or above 35% poverty may be served
- Schools at or above the district wide poverty percentage may be served.

**Column 5 - Public - All Resident Children by Attendance Area**

Enter, by attendance center, the number of children residing therein. This would include all resident children enrolled in other public schools, children housed in institutions in the LEA, children that are home-schooled, and dropouts. The column will automatically calculate the total number of resident public school children in the LEA.

**GRADE SHARING DISTRICTS need to enter the combined resident count for grade levels housed within district.**

**Note:** Where applicable include special education children (i.e. special education students the LEA sends to programs in other LEAs, local neglected and delinquent children, children that are home-schooled, and dropouts that could be enrolled in the grade levels housed from both the LEA filing the application and LEAs entered in the whole-grade sharing agreement.
Column 6 - Private - All Resident Children by Attendance Area

Enter the number of children attending private schools that reside within each public school attendance center boundary. The column will automatically calculate the total number of resident private school children. **Note:** Accredited private schools within the LEA appear at the bottom of this form. If there are private schools within your LEA, you must reflect the appropriate numbers in this column.

Title I continues the requirement that an LEA provide equitable services to eligible children enrolled in private schools. Section 1113[c] of Title I requires an LEA to allocate funds to a participating school attendance area or school on the basis of the total number of children from low-income families, including low-income children attending private schools. Thus, the LEA, in consultation with private school officials, must obtain the best available poverty data on private school children who reside in participating attendance areas. Because private school officials may have access to some sources of poverty information not easily accessible to public school officials, it is very important that public and private school officials cooperate in this effort. An LEA may count private school children from low-income families every year or every two years.

In collecting poverty data on private school children, the Title I statute gives an LEA flexibility to calculate the number of children who are from low-income families and attend private school. To obtain a count of private school children, an LEA may use:

1. The same poverty data it uses to count public school children.
2. Comparable poverty data from a survey of families of private school students that, to the extent possible, protects the families’ identity. The LEA may extrapolate data from the survey based on a representative sample if complete actual data are not available.
3. Comparable data from a different source, such as scholarship applications so long as the income level for both sources is generally the same.
4. Proportional data based on the poverty percentage of each public school attendance area applied to the total number of private school children who reside in that area.
5. An equated measure of low income correlated with a measure of low income used to count public school children.

For further guidance in determining low-income private school children, see Title I Questions and Answers, Allocation of Title I Funds to School Attendance Areas and Schools section of this reference manual.

Column 7 - Total - All Resident Children by Attendance Area

Columns 5 and 6 will be automatically calculated to reflect the total number of resident children by attendance center. Column 7 will automatically calculate to reflect the total number of resident children in the LEA.

Column 8 - Public - Resident Children from Low-income Families

Enter, by attendance center area, the number of children from Column 5 that are from low-income families. The column will automatically calculate the total number of resident public school children from low-income families within the LEA.

Column 9 - Private - Resident Children from Low-income Families

Enter, by attendance center area, the number of children from Column 6 that are from low-income families. The column will automatically calculate the total number of resident private school children from low-income families. **Note:** Accredited private schools within the LEA appear at the bottom of this form. If there are private schools within your LEA, you must reflect the appropriate numbers in this column.

Column 10 - Total - Resident Children from Low-income Families
Columns 8 and 9 will be automatically calculated to reflect the total number of children that are from low-income families by attendance center area. Column 10 will automatically calculate to reflect the total number of public and private school students that are from low-income families.

**Column 11 - Percent - 10/7**

The low-income percentage for each attendance center area will be automatically computed to reflect the percent of low-income in Column 11 to the nearest tenth of a percent (e.g. 29.6). The box at the bottom of Column 11 will automatically enter the districtwide average low-income percentage by dividing the total of Column 10 by the total of Column 7. Those schools above the districtwide average are eligible to receive Title I funds. (Refer to section on Within District Targeting of Title I funds.)

✔ **TIP: Attendance centers with 75% or above poverty rate are mandatory centers, including middle and high schools, and must be served by Title I.**

Only after an LEA has served all of its areas with a poverty rate above 75 percent may the LEA serve lower-ranked areas. The LEA has the option to (1) continue on with the district-wide ranking or (2) rank remaining areas by grade span groupings.

- The same district-wide poverty average must be used if the LEA selects option (1).
- For ranking by grade span groupings, the LEA may use (1) the district-wide poverty average or (2) the district-wide grade span poverty averages for the relevant grade span grouping.
- If an LEA has no school attendance areas above 75 percent poverty, the LEA may rank district-wide or by grade span groupings.
- An LEA’s organization of its schools defines its grade span groupings. For example, if an LEA has elementary schools serving all elementary grades, middle schools, and high schools, the grade span groupings would be grades K-5, 6-8, and 9-12. To the extent an LEA has schools that overlap grade spans (e.g., K-8), the LEA should include a school in the grade span in which it is most appropriate.

**Note:** An LEA with an enrollment of less than 1,000 students or with only one school per grade span is not required to rank its school attendance areas.

If our district participates in the community eligibility program (CEP) what does this mean for other districts that rely on the Free/Reduced Price Meal Eligibility list?

Buildings that participate in CEP will no longer get a list of students qualified for Free/Reduced price meals and consequently, the ability of districts to “know” which student are in the low-SES subgroup is impacted by the decision to move CEP. The list of programs or processes impacted includes, but is not limited to:

- Local granting of fee waivers
- Any AYP accountability measures using low-SES subgroups
- Title I – within district targeting and SES services
- At-risk and Dropout Prevention qualified students
- E-rate
- Loan forgiveness for teachers

The Food Service Department may continue to provide the downloaded list of directly certified students provided by the Department of Education. In most cases, the current direct certification number of ISP will not match the current list of students on the F/R list. To that end, the Department of Education has developed an alternate process that should provide the district with the ability to identify which students are in the low-SES subgroups in the CEP buildings.

The Department of Education is requiring that CEP buildings use a simple income eligibility form in an attempt to identify qualified students that are not already identified on the ISP list. The forms (Household Economic Survey)
can be provided at registration or by other locally-determined means. This form is simpler than the prior Free/Reduced Price Meal Application form, allowing the school/district to gather SES data.

The Department will still require districts to identify in their student information system for reporting purposes those students that are considered in the low-SES subgroup. This subgroup is determined by using all students on the ISP list, plus any additional students that submit the general income eligibility form. Once the district has a firm low-SES list of students, that list can be used for all the purposes previously supported by the Free/Reduced Price Lunch list.

Note: Samples of the Household Economic Survey can be found on the Iowa Department of Education Website.

Column 12 - Eligible - Unduplicated Student Counts (public only) for Targeted Assistance Schools

A student who is failing or most at risk of failing to meet locally determined educational standards is a student eligible for Title I services. Each LEA must develop a process for determining student eligibility. These determinations may be based upon teacher recommendation with documentation, parental input and developmentally appropriate measures for pre-kindergarten through grade 2. For grades 3 and above, use educationally objective criteria to determine eligible students. Using school district Title I selection criteria, enter the unduplicated number of public school students at each (T) Targeted Assistance School who are eligible for the Title I service being offered at that school. “Unduplicated” means that each student should be counted only once even if that student is eligible to receive Title I service in more than one subject area. For example, Tommy is eligible to receive Title I reading and Title I math services. When computing the unduplicated student count, Tommy can only be counted as one child. **This column must be completed in order for the application to be approved.**

Column 13 - Served - Unduplicated Student Counts (public only) for Targeted Assistance Schools

Using the information in Column 12 enter the unduplicated number of public school students to be served at each (T) Targeted Assistance School. The number in Column 13 cannot be greater than the number in Column 12. “Unduplicated” means that each student should be counted only once even if that student receives Title I service in more than one subject area. For example, Tommy receives Title I reading and Title I math services. When computing the unduplicated student count, Tommy can only be counted as one child. **This column must be completed in order for the application to be approved.**

Column 14 - Grade Levels Served by Title I

Enter the grade levels at which students are receiving Title I service in each served building. For example, if Title I instruction is available in reading to students in primary grades only, enter “1-3” in column 14 opposite the name of that school.

From the drop down menu select the Year and Month the student data was collected.

**PRIVATE SCHOOLS RECEIVING SERVICES**

Section 1120 of NCLB and Section 200.63 of the Title I regulations mandate services for children in private schools under Title I of ESEA. In summary, the key provisions of the legislation stipulate that:
1. Any district serving a private school must complete the Selection of Schools, Statement of Agreement, and Within District Targeting Funds forms on the electronic Title I application. The completion of the Within District Targeting Funds form determines the amount of funds available to provide Title I services to eligible students in the private school. **NOTE:** Districts must use the updated formula calculations for the Within District Targeting Funds form.

2. Timely and meaningful consultation between public and private school officials must be held to discuss services to be provided in the private school, private school student eligibility for Title I services, and evaluation of the Title I services provided to the private school. Documentation of the meeting is required (agenda, notes, e-mails). **NOTE:** In the case of declined services, a signed document or e-mail must be maintained in the Title I file.

3. Private schools are not Title I schools. Title I **instructional** services in private schools are provided by the LEA to private school children who reside in a participating public school attendance area/s and who are in the greatest educational need of those services. Poverty is not a criterion for receiving Title I services.

4. Title I funds for service in a private school are based on the documented student poverty count in the private school.

5. Title I services in a private school must be equitable to those provided in the public school – as funds described above allow.

6. Instruction must be outside the regular classroom (pull-out program); may include extended learning time before and after school, summer school, family literacy/parent involvement activities or a combination of these services.

7. Services, materials and equipment must be secular, neutral, and supplemental in nature; and must be ordered by and paid for by the LEA.

8. Equipment and supplies purchased for use in a private school must be labeled “Title I”; are the property of the public school through which the Title I dollars flow; and under the direction of the LEA-employed Title I teacher.

9. The LEA is never allowed to pay or remit Title I money directly to the participating private school. The public school district is **always** the fiscal agent remaining in control of federal funds.

10. Multiple private schools in an LEA may pool funds and provide services as a single entity.

11. Public and private schools in the same LEA do not have to provide services to the same grade span group.

12. Title I services in a private school must operate as Targeted Assistance Programs. Schoolwide Programs in private schools are not allowed under the NCLB law.

13. Title I programs in private schools must be evaluated using a process similar to that of the public school programs.

### Private Schools

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School ID</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Grade Levels</th>
<th>Number of Children Enrolled Residing in Project Areas</th>
<th>Unduplicated Student Counts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8302</td>
<td>Private Grade School</td>
<td>PK-08</td>
<td>303</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>28</td>
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<tr>
<td>8310</td>
<td>Private High School</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>28</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All accredited private school attendance centers in your school district and the grade levels of each center will automatically be displayed. You must complete the requested data for private schools receiving Title I service. Enter the number of children enrolled who reside in a participating Title I attendance center (these children must also be entered in
the attendance center table). Determine the total number of private school children enrolled who are residing in project areas and enter in the appropriate column.

Private school children eligible to be served are children who reside in a participating public school attendance area and who are failing, or most at risk of failing, to meet student academic achievement standards based on the criteria in Section 1115(b) of the Title I statute. Enter the unduplicated number of children from each private school attendance center that are educationally eligible for the Title I service and, in the last column, the actual unduplicated number of private school children to be served. Each column will automatically calculate the total number of eligible private school students and the total number of those students served by Title I. **Note:** If data is completed under the private school section, then data must also be entered in the appropriate columns for the resident public school area in the attendance center table.

✔️ **TIP:** If the LEA is providing Title I service to a private school, the user must complete the Statement of Agreement and Within District Targeting of Funds forms in addition to the other required application forms.

**Note:** Even if the private school declines Title I services, the Statement of Agreement and Within District Targeting of Funds forms MUST be completed.

When all information is complete for the Selection of Schools form and the Finish button is clicked, the program will calculate totals and perform validation edits. If required information is missing, the user must fix all errors appearing in RED. The user must verify the YELLOW warning errors. A yellow highlight is simply a reminder to check your work. The warning errors can be bypassed if the data entered is correct. After all errors are corrected, the user must click the Finish button and will be returned to the Title I Home screen.

✔️ **TIP:** Do NOT double-click the Finish button.

*Click General Budget form to be completed next.*